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The Ethics Of The Stoic

Stoic Ethics. The tremendous influence Stoicism has exerted on ethical thought from early Christianity through Immanuel Kant and into the twentieth century is rarely understood and even more rarely appreciated. Throughout history, Stoic ethical doctrines have both provoked harsh criticisms and inspired enthusiastic defenders.

Stoic Ethics | Internet Encyclopedia of Philosophy

The basis, content, and acquisition of virtue are methodically described, while important related points in Stoic ethics are discussed in an extensive appendix. Epictetus is compared throughout with the other late Stoics (Seneca, Marcus Aurelius), Cicero, the early Stoics (Zeno, Cleanthes, Chrysippus), and Christian moral thought.

Amazon.com: The Ethics of the Stoic Epictetus (Revisioning ...

Ethics - Ethics - The Stoics: Stoicism originated in the views of Socrates and Plato, as modified by Zeno of Citium (c. 335-c. 263 bce) and then by Chrysippus (c. 280-206 bce). It gradually gained influence in Rome, chiefly through Cicero (106-43 bce) and then later through Seneca the Younger (4 bce-65 ce).

Ethics - The Stoics | Britannica

The Stoic belief in in-built purpose was connected with their view that all events are determined, and that the whole sequence of events embodies divine purpose or providentiality. As this point illustrates, the Stoics saw the branches of philosophy (in this case, ethics and physics) as interconnected and mutually supporting.

The Core Ideas of Stoic Ethics - Modern Stoicism

Stoic cosmopolitanism, with this universal law in whose eyes all are equal—freemen and slaves, Greeks and barbarians, men and women—marked a great advance in the evolution of the idea of human equality. The Stoics were the first to introduce the term "logic," which they understood as the science of verbal expression.

Ethics of Stoicism | Article about Ethics of Stoicism by ...

The four cardinal virtues(aretai) of Stoic philosophy is a classification derived from the teachings of Plato(RepublicIV. 426–435): Wisdom(Greek: φρόνησις "phronesis" or σοφία "sophia", Latin:

prudentiaor sapientia) Courage(Greek: ανδρεία "andreia", Latin: fortitudo) Justice(Greek: δικαιοσύνη ...

Stoicism - Wikipedia

The Stoics are one of five major philosophical schoolsin classical Greece and Rome: Platonist, Aristotelian, Stoic, Epicurean, and Skeptic. The philosophers who followed Aristotle(384–322 BCE) were also known as the Peripatetics, named for their habit of walking around the colonnades of the Athenian Lyceum.

8 Principles of Stoicism - ThoughtCo

Philosophy: Ethics > Stoicism. Stoicism first appeared in Athens in the period around 300 B.C. and was introduced by Zeno of Citium. It was based on the moral ideas of Cynicism (Zeno of Citium was a student of the important Cynic Crates of Thebes), and toned down some of the harsher principles of Cynicism with some moderation and real-world practicality. During its initial phase, Stoicism was ...

Stoicism - By Branch / Doctrine - The Basics of Philosophy

It was in De Officiis (On Moral Duties)—his comprehensive study and writing of the ethical system of the Stoics of his time —where Cicero first presented the four Stoic virtues. Justice, he explains, is "the principle which constitutes the bond of human society and of a virtual community of life."

The Highest Good: An Introduction To The 4 Stoic Virtues

Epictetus is compared throughout with the other late Stoics (Seneca, Marcus Aurelius), Cicero, the early Stoics (Zeno, Cleanthes, Chrysippus), and Christian moral thought. This approach shows that Stoic ethics continues to have great practical and pedagogical value. ...more.

The Ethics of the Stoic Epictetus: An English Translation ...

The Stoic virtue of justice consists of two main qualities: kindness and fairness. Kindness is simply the opposite of anger, according to the Stoics. Anger typically consists in the desire to harm ...

The Stoic Virtues and Code of Honor | by Donald J ...

The Maxim of Stoic Ethics is what we might call the Theory of Accordance to Nature, or the Theory of Reactive Decisions. Epictetus names one of his discourses "Things In Our Control and Things Not...

The Maxim of Stoic Ethics. Based on the "Discourses" of ...

Abstract: Cynicism and Stoicism are ethical philosophies based on distinguishing between those things in your control from those things not in your control. Both views stress emotional detachment from the world and emphasize the development of independent character.

Cynicism and Stoicism

The account of Stoicism in this book was put into the mouth of Seneca's friend and rival the great Roman Stoic hero Cato of Utica, who had recently died opposing Julius Caesar. It draws upon early Greek Stoic thought and provides an much more systematic account of Stoic Ethics than you find in Marcus Aurelius or Seneca.

Beginners Guide to Stoicism - Modern Stoicism

The Enchiridion, or Handbook of Epictetus, stands as one of the most influential and concise presentations of Stoicism ever published. Written by Epictetus's student Arrian in 135 CE (Epictetus wrote nothing down himself), the Enchiridion is a succinct summary of Epictetus's more practical ethical teachings.

8 Stoic Principles from the Handbook of Epictetus ...

Discussions of Stoic Ethics usually focus on the fourfold division of the cardinal virtues into wisdom, justice, temperance, and fortitude. These are frequently mentioned by the Stoics, although they go back to Plato. They may have originated with Socrates, or possibly even with an earlier source.

The Threefold Nature of Stoic Ethics - Donald Robertson

Epictetus (/ , ε p ɪ k ' t i: t ə s /; Greek: Ἐπίκτητος, Epíktētos; c. 50 – 135 AD) was a Greek Stoic philosopher. He was born a slave at Hierapolis, Phrygia (present day Pamukkale, Turkey) and lived in Rome until his banishment, when he went to Nicopolis in northwestern Greece for the rest of his life. His teachings were written down and published by his pupil Arrian in his ...

Epictetus - Wikipedia

Epictetus focused more on Ethics (and less on Logic and physics) than the early Stoics had, and he brought to a logical conclusion Stoicism 's tendency to reduce philosophy to Ethics. He saw the role of the Stoic teacher as encouraging his students to discover the invariable and inviolable true nature of things.

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